



DANGEROUS DRIVEWAYS TOXIC PAH POLLUTION FROM TAR-BASED SEALANTS

Tar-based pavement sealants are the primary source of toxic PAH pollution in urban landscapes. Those PAHs are harmful to human health and hurt fish and other aquatic life in our lakes and rivers.

What are pavement sealants?

Pavement sealants, also known as "sealcoats" or "sealers," are the jet-black coatings homeowners and contractors apply to residential, commercial, and industrial driveways and parking lots. There are two main types of pavement sealants on the market today: tar-based sealants (also called "coal tar-based"), and asphalt-based sealants.

The problem with tar-based pavement sealants

Pavement sealants contain *polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons* (PAHs), which are toxic compounds that can *cause cancer and developmental problems in children.* The American Medical Association and other public health groups have urged local and state governments to ban tar-based sealants due to their harmful health effects.

How are people exposed to PAHs from tar-based sealants?

PAHs accumulate in soils, household dust, and carpets when particles of tar-based sealants are blown or tracked into homes, schools, and other buildings. The particles come from those sealants being worn down over time by weather, tire abrasion, and foot traffic. The toxic sealant particles are also washed off by rain and spring meltwater, ending up in our local water bodies.

A recent study found that 77% of PAH pollution in Milwaukee streambeds came from tar-based sealants.

How significant is the health risk?

The coal tar pitch used in tar-based sealants is classified as a *hazardous waste*. Children living in homes where parking lots are coated with tar-based pavement sealants face a *14-fold increase in cancer risk* compared to those living next to unsealed lots, according to researchers at Baylor University and the U.S. Geological Survey. *A lifetime of exposure can increase cancer risk by 38 times.*



CHILDREN LIVING FROM BIRTH TO AGE 6 NEAR PARKING LOTS WITH TAR-BASED SEALANTS HAVE A 14x HIGHER LIFETIME CANCER RISK

Current Tar-Based Sealant Bans: Ann Arbor, Michigan Annapolis/Anne Arundel County, Marvland Austin, Texas Brown Deer, Wisconsin Cwlth. of Massachusetts (use restriction) Dane County, Wisconsin Dexter, Michigan Edwards Aquifer Authority, Texas Elm Grove. Wisconsin Franklin, Wisconsin Glendale, Wisconsin Greenfield, Wisconsin Hales Corners, Wisconsin, Milwaukee, Wisconsin Montgomery County, Maryland North Barrington, Illinois Port Washington, Wisconsin Prince George's County, Maryland San Antonio. Texas Shorewood, Wisconsin South Barrington, Illinois Spring Lake Township, Michigan State of Minnesota State of Washington Suffolk County, New York Van Buren Township, Michigan Washington, D.C. Wauwatosa, Wisconsin West Allis, Wisconsin Westwood, Massachusetts Whitefish Bay, Wisconsin Winnetka, Illinois Ypsilanti, Michigan ... plus 26 others (and counting)



"Whether sending their children to a playground or repairing a driveway,

Americans are potentially being exposed to harmful carcinogens in coal-tar-based sealcoats." – American Medical Assoc.

How to be PAH-safe:

Don't use tar-based pavement sealants

If you feel you must seal your driveway or parking lot, then use asphalt-based sealants, which have 1,000-times lower PAH levels.

Remove your shoes

If you don't have control over your parking lot or driveway, try to keep sealant dust and soil out of your home by taking off shoes before entering.

Look for hidden PAHs

Tar can have a lot of different names, and some other byproducts can have very high levels of PAHs. To be safe, check the "Material Safety Data Sheet" of the product (try searching online) and avoid anything including CAS #'s 64742-90-1, 65996-92-1, 65996-93-2, 65996-89-6, 69013-21-4, or 8007-45-2.

Speak up

Become an advocate in your community against the use of tarbased pavement sealants. More at *cleanwisconsin.org/our-work/pah*.

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Environmental impacts

PAHs *kill small organisms* living on the bottoms of rivers and streams and can **cause tumors in fish and other large aquatic animals**. This could result in costly impacts on the ecological balance of aquatic environments. Even three months or more after sealants are applied, the tar-sealed pavement runoff can kill fathead minnows and water fleas, two indicator species used to assess chemical toxicity to aquatic life.

Economic Impacts

PAH pollution from tar-based sealants can be a significant burden to taxpayers when municipalities are on the hook for cleaning up stormwater sediment ponds contaminated with PAH-laden sediment. In the Minneapolis metro area, the PAH cleanup from tar-based sealants is estimated to cost taxpayers hundreds of millions of dollars.

Are there alternatives?

Yes. Asphalt-based pavement sealants have up to 1,000-times lower PAH levels and are no more expensive than tar-based sealants. Alternatives such as acrylic sealants or gravel parking lots and driveways have minimal PAH levels. Studies of an early PAH ban in Austin, Texas, show significant PAH reductions in local waterbodies.

How do tar-based sealants compare to other PAH sources?

Other sources of environmental PAH pollution have significantly lower concentrations than tar-based sealants. Fresh asphalt, for example is about 1.5 parts per million (ppm) PAHs. Smoke from wood fires can range from 2 to 114 ppm, engine exhaust 102-370 ppm, and used motor oil around 440 ppm. *Tar-based sealants are hundreds to thousands of times worse*, at 50,000 – 100,000 ppm.

WE IN WISCONSIN NEED TO FOLLOW THE LEAD OF OTHERS AND END THE SALE AND USE OF HIGH-PAH SEALANTS TO PROTECT OUR HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT.

Visit *cleanwisconsin.org/our-work/pah* for more information.

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